

THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST.

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THE BRITISH COLONIST

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THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

Is furnished to Subscribers for \$6 a year; \$4 for six months; \$2 50 for three months; payable in advance.

AGENTS.

Nanaimo.....A. D. McInnes
New Westminster.....Seth T. Tilley
Fort Langley.....W. Winnard
Fort Hope.....Ballou's Express
Port Yale.....Kurtz & Co
Port Douglas.....Myers' Express
Cayosh.....Myers' Express
Lytton City.....Jas. H. Batterson
Port Alexander.....Pony Express Co
Port Douglas.....L. P. Fisher
San Francisco.....L. P. Fisher
Forks of Canal River.....M. Martin
Port Townsend.....Henry Hogan
Portland.....Chas. Barrett

The Road Tax.

PORT DOUGLAS, 18th Nov. 1860.

EDITOR BRITISH COLONIST:—The indignation of the people of this town, in consequence of being saddled with the odious substitute for a mule tax called the Roads Tolls Act—is very great indeed; on account of the injustice of it, and the damper it creates upon all sorts of business, as well as the inconvenience of collecting and paying the same for the most trifling thing that is sent out of town. But, in justice to our collector, he has made arrangements to have one of the constables receive payment of duties at any hour. Yet it is troublesome and inconvenient, more particularly on account of the clumsiness of the government arrangements.

When this tax was instituted our law-makers consider that all the goods sent over this route had to come into competition with those that pay no duties—neither tonnage dues nor road tolls! Did they consider that in imposing this tax they were offering a premium for smuggling goods from Oregon, via the Similkameen and Dalles? Did they consider the amount of goods that were carried into the upper country last Spring, that helped to reduce the price of provisions to a greater extent than all the improvements that have been yet made on the roads by the government. Were they aware of the extensive preparations that are even now being made to pack goods by that route next spring, by parties calculating that they can pack loaded animals over a country that supplies its own feed for beasts of burden; and that they can get clear of paying most, if not all duties; and further, that they drive their animals to a market where they can sell them for double their cost?

If these things were not considered, surely such thoughtless legislation is very culpable; and if they were taken into consideration, how could they consistently put this tax upon an already heavily taxed people? or what preparations are these wise legislators making to put a stop to smuggling from Oregon? or how much and how many officers and men will it require to watch a border line of some hundreds of miles in extent? These inquiries are being made by those engaged in the carrying trade here who are almost at a standstill, as the half cent per pound on feed and every thing else (making an advance of fully one cent and more on all goods sent through to Fraser River, makes a very material difference to them—particularly when they have such competition from Oregon. No one believes that the government will persist in collecting this toll when they find out the real state of the case; and if it should subsequently be taken off the freight packed through now, will have to compete with that afterwards paying no tolls.

Whether these things are thought of elsewhere or not, they are thought of here; and are now causing great depression in all kinds of business. Under present circumstances, there will be very little packed over the route more than arrangements were made for before the commencement of the "Roads Tolls Act."

LILLOOET.

BONNETS INADMISSIBLE.—The *Semaphore*, of Marseilles, relates the following incident, which is said to have occurred at the ball given to their Majesties at Chateau Morelli: At the moment when the doors were opened, two ladies, accompanied by two gentlemen, and duly provided with tickets, presented themselves for admission. The ladies were elegantly attired in white dresses

and handsome ornaments, but, unfortunately, they had not conformed to established etiquette, as far as regarded their head-dress, for they wore bonnets. These appendages were, it is true, of the most light and elegant kind, and ornamented with marabout feathers; but they were considered, notwithstanding, inadmissible. The stewards at the door expressed their regret in the politest terms, but, as their instructions were positive on the subject, they could not allow themselves to be softened by the entreaties of the ladies, who retired in great dismay. An old proverb says, that when a woman determines on doing a thing, nothing can prevent her, and so it was in this case. The ladies, inspired with a sudden idea, went among the trees which were growing near, and, taking off the objectionable articles of dress, despoiled them of their feathers, which they speedily transferred to their own hair. The question next arose what they should do with their bonnets, which were too pretty to throw away. Feminine invention here again came to their aid, for, lifting their simple crinolines, they safely attached their discarded head-dresses within their ample folds, where they were completely unobserved. Thus newly equipped, they presented themselves, and were duly admitted.

PHILOSOPHY OF SHAVING THE HEAD AND CLOSE-CROPPING THE HAIR.—A newspaper "waif" says:

Many people suppose that shaving the head, or cutting the hair short, is beneficial to the growth and perpetuity of the hair. Nothing can be more erroneous. The disease is not in the hair. The effect of disease may show itself in a dry condition of the hair, but the cause is to be found in the scalp, debilitation of the external skin, suppressed secretions, prostration of the sensitive skin, or in some of the other various diseases to which the scalp is liable. If the philosophy of shaving heads and cutting the hair short were correct, what splendid heads of hair men would have, and how few heads of good hair would be seen to adorn women, for they as a general principle, wear their hair as long as it will grow. But the facts are the reverse. Bald heads with men are fast getting to be the rule, with women the exception. The only cutting the hair requires is, when it has grown long, and the ends of the strands become split and frayed, causing the albumen to flow back to its source of generation, leaving the hair dry and brittle; but the clipping of half-an-inch will remedy the difficulty by opening the tube of the strand, permitting the fluid to escape, which is sufficient for all practical purposes, and if there is no disease of the scalp, the hair becomes soft and glossy. The expense and inconvenience to ladies of shaving the head or even cutting the hair short is sufficient to deter any one from the experiment, considering there is no benefit to be derived from the operation.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS.—Anglo-Indians and natives during the rainy and cold seasons are particularly obnoxious to gout, rheumatism and fever.—Holloway's Preparations then become a treasure impossible to over value. Contracted joints, rubbed with this penetrating Ointment, soon recover their flexibility. The local pain and inflammation in gout and rheumatism are invariably relieved by it. Even in cases where limbs have been partially paralyzed they have regained the power of motion and original vigor. Neuralgia, tic-doloreux, and all other affections of the nerves of sensation or motion, may be cured with equal facility by the same means. The Pills, by their direct operation on the blood and all the secretions, ever form a noble auxiliary to the Ointment.

THE NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, (ESTABLISHED 1836.)

For Fire and Life Assurance

AT HOME AND ABROAD.

CAPITAL £1,250,760 STERLING.

The undersigned have been appointed Agents

Victoria, August, 1860.

JANION & GREEN.

H. C. JANION, Liverpool. { JANION, GREEN & CO.,

Foot of Johnson st., near the Bridge.

For Sale by

AGENTS for the Liverpool Board of Underwriters.

EX "DRUID" FROM LONDON.

259 CASES PICKLES, PIE FRUIT

Sauces, Curry Powder,

Salad Oil, Mustard, Vinegar,

Capers, Jellies, Jams, Marmalade,

etc., etc., etc.

From the celebrated establishment of Messrs.

Crosse & Blackwell, No. 21, Abchurch Lane,

For Sale by

DICKSON, CAMPBELL & CO.,

Wharf Street.

600 MATS RE-CLEANED NO. 1

Patna Rice, in 50 lb. Mats.

For Sale by

DICKSON, CAMPBELL & CO.,

MISCELLANEOUS.

N. MOORE & CO.

HAVE

REMOVED

TO THEIR

NEW FIREPROOF STORE,

YATES STREET,

Where they offer for Sale an Entirely New Stock of

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

Hats & Caps,

ETC.....ETC.....ETC.

Also, a full assortment of

HOSIERY

AND

Gents' Furnishing Goods

Their large and well assorted Stock enables them

to offer GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO WHOLESALE

BUYERS.

Business Hours from 7 1/2 A.M. to 5 P.M. Open

on Saturdays to 10 1/2 P.M.

A. J. BRUNN,

DRAPER AND TAILOR, IS CONSTANT-

ly receiving English and French Cloths, Cassi-

meres, Vestings, etc.; also, superior quality of Tailors'

Trimming, which enables him to make Gentlemen's

Garments in the latest Fashion and most substantial

maner.

Parties furnishing their own material, or Garments

of old fashion, can have it made up and trimmed at

reasonable prices.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods and Hats and Caps

made at low cash prices.

YATES STREET,

opposite Wells, Fargo & Co's Express Office.

n20 6m

Trees! Trees!!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS JUST RE-

ceived a full assortment of

Fruit and Ornamental Trees

and Shrubbery,

From Portland and Olympia Nurseries, which he

will sell at low rates. I will plant all Trees, and

warrant them to grow.

Leave orders at the New England Bakery, Govern-

ment street, for

CHAS. DECHENT,

Practical Gardener.

DIARIES FOR 1861.

A fine assortment of

POCKET DIARIES

AND

DAILY JOURNALS,

For Counting House and Office use, just received and

for sale at

HIDDEN & CARSWELL'S,

Stationers' Hall.

n13

EX "DRUID" FROM LONDON.

OLD TOM IN CASE AND BULK,

(Worthington & Son.)

Scotch Whisky in case and bulk do do

Rum do do do do

Geneva in case do do do do

For Sale by

DICKSON, CAMPBELL & CO.,

Wharf Street.

SOUTHGATE & MITCHELL,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Albert Wharf,

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER ISLAND,

And Battery street, San Francisco, California.

n11 1/2

For New Westminster.

The Splendid Steamer

ELIZA ANDERSON,

WILL RUN REGULARLY, LEAVING

Victoria every TUESDAY EVENING, con-

necting with the up-river boats.

For Freight and Passage, which will be at the

lowest rates, apply on board.

n17 1/2

WHALEBOATS.

3 SUPERIOR WHALEBOAT, Carvel and Clinker

built.

For Sale by

MONSARRAT & CO.,

n2 1/2

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bank

OF

British North America.

ESTABLISHED IN 1836.

Incorporated by Royal Charter in 1840

CAPITAL -- \$5,000,000.

VICTORIA BRANCH.

SPECIAL DEPOSITS received in sums of \$100 and

upwards, repayable on demand. Charge for safe

keeping, ONE-QUARTER OF ONE PER CENT. PER

MONTH.

GOLD DUES received for safe keeping at the rate of

FIVE CENTS PER OUNCE PER MONTH.

Drafts Issued on London,

60 days after sight, at the rate of \$4 95 per £1 stig.

3 days after sight, (IN SUMS OF

£50 AND UPWARDS)..... \$5 per £1 stig.

3 days after sight, (IN SUMS

UNDER £50)..... \$5 10 per £1 stig.

DRAFTS on demand or at short sight, issued on the

principal Cities and Towns in Scotland and Ireland,

at the rate of \$5 15 per £1 stig.

DRAFTS on the Principal Cities in the North Ameri-

can Provinces, @ 8 days sight, as follows:

Canada..... 4 per ct. premium.

New Brunswick..... 4 per ct. do

Nova Scotia..... 3 1/2 per ct. do

Drafts on New York, @ 3 days sight, 3 per ct. prem.

" " Messrs. B. Davidson & May, San Fran-

cisco, at sight—Par.

OFFICE HOURS, 10 TO 3—SATURDAYS 10 TO 1.

F. W. WOOD,

Manager.

n4 1/2

Victoria, Feb. 3d, 1860.

M. PRAG.

Yates street.

offers for sale, cheap,

HARDWARE,

Agricultural Implements,

Bar Iron, Steel & Iron-Mongery.

STOVE & TINWARE

of every description.

Glass and Crockery Ware, Wood and Willow Ware,

&c. &c.

n16-

Hotel and Restaurant de France,

GOVERNMENT STREET.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE ABOVE

Establishment having refitted and improved their

Hotel in the most substantial and elegant style, it is

now re-opened for the accommodation of travellers,

and of the public in general.

The house has been extended, the rooms enlarged,

chimneys put up, a parlor added, and many other

improvements effected, making altogether one of the

most commodious Hotels in the city.

For superiority and comfort, this house can boast

of having no equal on Vancouver Island.

The proprietors feel safe in saying to those whomay

favor them with their patronage, that they are now

prepared to give entire satisfaction.

The Bill of Fare of the Restaurant will

be provided with the very best that the market affords,

and the meals cooked in the most approved style.

Large private room for parties. Dinner parties can

be got up on the shortest notice.

n5

LESTER & GIBBS

HAVE JUST RECEIVED EX "W. B. SCRAW-

TON," and recent arrival

50 boxes Candles;

100 lbs. Self-Rising & Golden Gate Flour;

2000 lbs. Bacon (choice);

25 firkins Hope Butter;

25 sacks Java Coffee;

25 sacks Rio Coffee;

10 chests superior Black Tea;

20 lbs. Crushed Sugar;

Lobsters; Oysters;

Worcester Sauce; J & H Lard;

Pickles; Syrup, &c. &c.

In store and for sale at the lowest rates by

LESTER & GIBBS,

Yates street, near Waddington.

N. B.—A choice lot of FINEST BUTTER for Family

use.

n11 1/2

LANGLEY BROS.,

Importing Druggists,

YATES STREET, VICTORIA.

HAVE RECEIVED, DIRECT FROM

London, a Choice Selection of—

DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

Surgical Instruments,

Patent Medicines and Perfumery.

ATKINSON'S INFANT'S PRESERVATIVE;

Cockle's Anti-Billious Pills;

Keating's Cough Lozenges;

Murray's Fluid Magnesia;

Curling's Sparkling Citrate of Magnesia;

Superior Seltz Water;

Essential Oil of Bittern;

Essential Oil of Pine Apple;

Essential Oil of Strawberry;

Essential Oil of Raspberry;

Essential Oil of Jargonelle Peas;

Essential Oil of Nectar;

Rowland's Macassar Oil;

Rowland's Odorine;

Rowland's Kalydor;

Gosnell's Cologne;

Gosnell's Cherry Tooth Paste;

Gosnell's Soap;

Gosnell's Hair Brushes.

n28 1/2

Ex "Woodpecker," from London.

50 CASES NORTH WILTSHIRE CHEESE;

100 boxes London Cream Soap;

100 boxes Charcoal Roofing Tin.

For sale by

EDWARD STAMP & CO.

THE BRITISH COLONIST

TO ADVERTISERS.

All advertisements, unless the time for which they are to be inserted is specified, will be continued until ordered out, and so charged.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Communications of general interest to the public, will not be refused insertion in the COLONIST on account of differing with the views of the paper, provided that they are brief and to the point.

NOTICE:

L. P. FISHER is our only authorized Agent for the collecting of advertisements, etc., in San Francisco.

Notice to Subscribers.

Subscribers to the DAILY or WEEKLY BRITISH COLONIST, in British Columbia or Washington Territory, are hereby notified that on and after this date all papers will be sent by MAIL, unless specially ordered by some other conveyance.

Victoria, Nov. 17th, 1860.

Tuesday Morning, Nov. 27, 1860.

Election Decision Overturned.

Elsewhere will be found the reports of the debates yesterday in the House, setting aside the decision of the Election Committee declaring the Esquimalt election null and void. Owing to the length of the debates, our review of the matter is necessarily brief. As was expected, so the Obstructionists voted. Cary, Franklin, Crease, Southgate, Green and Tolmie, voted to reject the decision, and Messrs. Waddington, Foster, McDonald and Coles voted for the decision. Lost by two votes.

The speech of Mr. Waddington was the ablest ever delivered in the House. It was well connected, ably argued, and supported by legal authorities that convinced every honest spectator that the House was wrong in trying to reject the decision. Mr. McDonald made a thrilling appeal, indignant at the attempt to overturn the decision. Mr. Coles manfully maintained the decision of the Committee; Major Foster concurred with the previous speakers in favor of the decision, and dealt out some scathing remarks against the Attorney-General. Mr. Cary opened and closed the debate with a specious speech; whilst Crease wallowed through a miserable diatribe, as he usually does. The ludicrous part of the discussion was Franklin's speech. Tolmie, the Chairman of the Committee, retracted. A more worthy descendant of the Egyptian Pharaohs perhaps could not be found. Green and Southgate said nothing; but voted to suit.

The whole thing was evidently planned before hand. For as soon as the House refused to record the decision, in rushed Mr. Gordon, and tendered his resignation. A new writ was ordered to issue forthwith. The truth is, if it was referred back to the Election Committee, the disclosures would have been too damaging. So to make a show of fairness, Gordon resigned. But of what use is that with the old list? If the people wish to submit to a new election under the old list, they are unfit for self government. An appeal should be made at once to the Governor. If he does not meet the wishes of the people, the next move should be to petition the Home Government for his removal. He is unfit for Governor. So the sooner he gets his walking papers the better for the country. The public are well satisfied that an honest and able administration of our affairs can never exist so long as Gov. Douglas remains. He is the corner stone of all public discontent; and were he not lost to all proper respect of public opinion, would have resigned long ago. Let there be a public meeting at once.

THE HOSPITAL BENEFIT.—Last evening the Colonial Theatre was crowded, on the occasion of the benefit of the Royal Hospital. The acting was fully equal to the best. We have seen in Victoria, and everything passed off to the satisfaction of everybody. We trust the Hospital authorities have netted a good round sum by the benefit.

THE BIGAMY CASE.—In the matter of George Stevens, arrested some time since on a charge of bigamy, preferred by his wife Elizabeth, Mr. McCraith yesterday morning moved that his recognizance of £100, to appear at the court, be ostreated. The application was granted—the defendant not appearing.

ACCIDENT AT SOOKE.—On Thursday last, John Dick residing at Sooke, while loading a revolver, was wounded in the knee by the discharge of the weapon. Dr. Trimble was sent for, and extracted the ball on Saturday. The wound is not dangerous, and it is thought will only temporarily cripple Mr. D.

THE BOOK AUCTION.—The first of the Evening Book Auction Sales, in Stationer's Hall building, took place on Saturday night last, L. A. McCrea acting as auctioneer. The bidding was spirited—works on geology brought the best prices.

ESQUIMALT AND METCHOSIN ELECTION.—The show of hands for a member to represent this district in the Assembly will be had on Wednesday next, and the election will take place on the day following.

COLONIAL THEATRE.—This house was crowded from parquette to gallery, on Saturday night, by a very orderly audience, who had assembled to witness the representation of the Drama of "The Phantom." The plot of the Drama is founded upon a German legend, which professes to believe in the existence of vampires, who supported life by sucking the blood of their victims, at certain periods. They were supposed to be men who had been killed by violence, and who, having been laid so as the rising moon fell upon their bodies, came to life again, and went about extending their existence by the means aforesaid. Mr. Beatty, in the character of Gervase Rookwood or Allan Raby, the Phantom, was a vast improvement on any role we have ever seen that gentleman undertake, and by his very truthful rendering, was the favorite of the evening. Miss Sweet, in the characters of Lucy Peroryl, and Ada Raby, looked charming, and acted admirably. Mr. Townsend as Lord Albert Clavering, and Edgar, was good. Mr. Mortimer, as Corporal Stump, retired from each scene with the approbation and applause of the vast audience; and Mrs. Beatty was first-rate in the characters she assumed. Mr. Potter, who took the very difficult part of Dr. Reese, a proselyte of the famous Dr. Dee, was never at fault, and won new laurels by his fine acting. The scenic effect produced by the representation of the heights of Snowdon, and the hurling of the Phantom from its topmost peak into the chasm beneath, was very striking, and drew forth general admiration and applause. The Operatic force of the "Spoiled Child," closed the performance. We regret we were not able to witness the farce, but we are informed that the whole company acquitted themselves satisfactorily.

COURT OF ASSIZES.—Yesterday, C. B. Young, Esq., appeared before this Court—Judge Cameron on the Bench—to answer for refusing to serve on a Coroner's Jury. Judge Cameron said that the Coroner (Dr. Dickson) had returned the names of C. B. Young and W. Culverwell, for refusing to serve. He would take up the case of Mr. Young first. What have you to urge Mr. Young, why you should not be fined?

Mr. Young—I appear to answer the summons. I have zealously performed jury duty. But I was unlawfully deprived of my rights as a British subject by the refusal of votes. I put in an appeal to your lordship against his decision; but it has not been heard. For what reason I cannot tell; except through the sinister objects of my counsel. I am by birth a British subject. I have never taken any oath of allegiance to or become the citizen of any foreign country. The hardship, then, of being deprived of my lawful rights, I considered enough without performing jury duty. For as I was wrongly deprived of my rights by the government, I believed I was justified in refusing. Moreover, Mr. Skinner had stated that he would object to me as an American. Acting then under this impression, I refused to serve.

Judge Cameron—If you were born in England you are clearly a British subject; and if any British subject has taken an oath to a foreign government, he can claim his right by swearing back.

Mr. Young—I have never taken an oath to or become a citizen of a foreign country, so help me God.

Judge Cameron—I receive your excuse as a good one inasmuch as you were acting from misapprehension.

A CANARD.—On Sunday afternoon the U. S. steamer Massachusetts anchored in the outer harbor. Soon after she had arrived some wag started a story that San Juan Island had been ceded to the Americans by the British Government, and quite a number of our residents seemed inclined to believe the report. Upon inquiry, however, we learned that the object of the vessel in coming here was to land Col. Emory, the Inspector General of the U. S. Forces on this coast; who is on his way to San Francisco, that gentleman having learned, while at San Juan Island, that the H. B. Co.'s steamer Labouchere was about to sail for that destination.

PAYING THEM TO BE GOOD.—A gentleman who employs a great number of men in a manufactory in the West of England, in order to encourage his work people in a due attendance at church on a late Fast day, told them that if they went to church they would receive their wages for that day in the same manner as if they had been to work. Upon which a deputation was appointed to acquaint their employer that if he would pay them for over hours, they would attend likewise the Methodist chapel in the evening.

RE-APPEARANCE OF THE ROBINSON FAMILY.—After an absence of some months, the Robinson Family have again returned, and are once more before the Victoria public for their patronage. Anything we can say in favor of this excellent troupe would be superfluous, as they are too well known to need commendation from us. It is only necessary for us to say that Miss Susan Robinson, the universal favorite, will appear, to insure a full house.

THE HURDLE RACE.—The hurdle race that came off at Beacon Hill, on Saturday last, was won by Thomas Harris' horse "Jim," ridden by Mr. La Celles, R. N., in two straight heats. Jumping the last hurdle, in the first heat "Forwood," the winner of Thursday's race, strained himself so badly that he was withdrawn from the race.

INDIAN SHOT.—On Sunday evening Winnats, a Hydah Indian chief, noted as an elegant carver of stone and ivory, was shot in the leg by a drunken Siwash named Coo-nia, at the Hydah lodge. The latter is notoriously in the habit of retailing tangle-leg to his less sophisticated brethren, and on the night mentioned got tight, and fired a revolver three times at Winnats. The ball entered the calf of his leg, and inflicted a severe flesh wound. He was taken to the drug store of Messrs. Curtis & Moore, Yates street, where he received proper attention. The shooter will be examined to-day in the police court.

The steamer Otter left for New Westminster last night, carrying freight and passengers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Wanted to Charter.
A VESSEL OF ABOUT 100 TONS
Burthened for load for Portland (Oregon). One under the American flag preferred. For particulars apply to
J. J. SOUTHGATE.
Wharf street.

Wanted--A Situation.
A YOUNG MAN, WHO WOULD MAKE himself generally useful in a mercantile establishment, is conversant with book-keeping, and can produce satisfactory reference, wants a situation. Address A. B., Office of the "British Colonist."
n27 1m

THE ADVERTISED SALE OF THE
TELORADO SALOON, New Westminster, will not take place. The Saloon has been re-opened, and business will be conducted as usual by Mr. MANETTA, the sole proprietor.
n27 2t

ROYAL THEATRE, WHARF STREET.

OPENING NIGHT.

Re-appearance of the Favorite Robinson Family.

This (Tuesday) Evening, Nov. 27.

Will be performed the Play of

KILL OR CURE.

To be followed by

BALLAD.....Miss Susan Robinson.
COMIC SONG.....W. E. Burton.

Double Sailor's Hornpipe. Wm. and Susan Robinson

To conclude with

THE TWO GREGGORIES;

Or, Luck in a Name.

ADMISSION—Parquette, 5s; Gallery, 50 cents.

AUCTION.

J. A. McCREA, Auctioneer,

WILL SELL

FRIDAY, November 24, 1860.

At 11 o'clock, A. M.,

AT HIS SALESROOM, WHARF STREET,

To close consignments:

FLOUR.

300 one-quarter sacks fine Flour, various brands;

216 one-half do do do;

222 one-quarter do do do;

14 one-quarter do Genesee Mills, "as is";

80 one-quarter do Self-Rising, in good order.

—ALSO—

200 bags Bay of Beans;

5 ca es Oregon Fresh Butter;

60 boxes Oregon Green Apples.

—ALSO—

20 bbls Corned Beef;

10 casks Jeffrey's Stone Jug Ale.

—ALSO—

A variety of Groceries and Provisions, Bacon, Lard, Tea, Sugar, Candles, Butter, Green Corn, fine Chickens, Lobster, Peas, etc.

n27

ROYAL HOTEL, ESQUIMALT.

THE ABOVE WELL KNOWN HOUSE

to be let, at a low rent, with immediate possession.

For further particulars, apply to

J. HOS PATTERICK & CO.,

Corner of Johnson and Government streets.

n26 1t

L. A. BLANC,

Watchmaker and Jeweller, Government street, Victoria, V. I.

ON HAND—A FINE ASSORT-

ment of Watches, Clocks and Jewellery.

Particular attention paid to the Manufacture of Watch Cases, Diamond and Quartz Work, and all other kinds of Jewellery made to order and repaired at shortest notice.

n27 2a

Rheumatism Permanently

Cured!

BY DR. W. H. GOSS,

(Late of San Francisco.)

WHO TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to the inhabitants of Victoria and vicinity that he has located himself on Front street, near Government street, (opposite the Post Office), where he is prepared to treat all species of diseases on the Reform principle of Medical Practice.

Minerals Never Being Used!

Dr. G.'s almost unlimited success, for years past, in treating all kinds of diseases, especially Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Inflammation and Chronic Diseases of the Kidneys, Liver, Lungs, etc., justify him in saying to the curable, HE CAN CURE THEM.

And to the incurable, he can afford relief. Those who are suffering would do well to call and consult him.

In connection with his Establishment, he has erected the MEDICATED VAPOR AND ELECTRO-CHEMICAL BATHS, which purify the blood, improve the circulation, and equalize the nervous forces, by this means imparting universal warmth and strength to the entire system. They are an invaluable aid in the cure of Rheumatism and all Mercurial Affections.

Consultation at all hours.

n23 1m

L.D. LOWENBERG,

REAL ESTATE AGENT,

East side of Government st., bet. Yates & Johnson.

WILL PAY PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO selling, purchasing, and leasing property; to negotiating loans, and transacting everything connected with Real Estate business.

Maps of all the different districts on the Island may be seen at his office. Parties desirous of purchasing Homesteads, or making investments, will find on my Bulletin Board Town Lots on nearly every street; Farming or Gardening Land in every District; some of which afford a rare chance for investment. Conveyances, leases, &c., drawn up at reasonable rates.

n23 1t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.
MR. H. MYERS INTENDING TO LEAVE
Victoria, respectfully requests that accounts due, and all claims against him, may be presented for immediate settlement.
Wharf street, Victoria, Nov. 26, 1860
n27

Colonial Theatre.
POTTER DRAMATIC TROUPE.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, Nov. 28, 1860.
Will be performed Shakespeare's Tragedy entitled
RICHARD THE THIRD.
Favorite Song and Dance by Miss Lulu Sweet.
To conclude with the laughable Farce entitled
THE TWO BUZZARDS.
AUCTION.

Books, Books

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Nov. 28

At 7 o'clock,

In the Hall in rear of Messrs. Hibben & Carswell's,

formerly occupied by the "Victoria Gazette"

Printing Office,

Special Consignment, with positive orders to Close.

The Books comprise a choice selection from the best authors, well bound, and all guaranteed perfect copies, consisting in part of the

POETICAL WORKS

or

cott, Thomas Moore, Dryden,

Heman's Lord Byron, Burns,

Spenser, Shakspeare, Milton, and others.

Macaulay's History of England, Rollins'

Ancient History, Works of Josephus,

Webster's Dictionary, Unabridged,

Family and Pocket Bibles,

GIFT BOOKS,

Romances, Novels,

And a variety of other Standard Works.

N. B.—The Hall has been fitted up with seats, and persons can call in any time previous to the sale and examine the Books.

n27

J. A. McCREA,

Auctioneer



Just Received,

EX BARK "VICKERY," AND OTHER RECENT

ARRIVALS:

2200 LBS. BERGIN'S CELEBRATED

Hard Brown Soap;

25 doz. Nos. 1 and 3 Extra Cala. Corn Brooms;

6 firkins Choice Ithaca Butter, superior to anything hitherto imported;

20 cases Split Peas, new crop;

200 lbs Dwarf Marrowfat, Queen of Dwarfs, Early Emporer, and other Garden Peas;

150 gallons double refined French Benzole Oil, highly esteemed for its brilliancy—a superior article for Moderator Lamps;

Extra quality Sugar-cured Ham, Shoulders and Bacon, cure of 1860;

Sultana, Murellet and Valencia Raisins;

New Zante and Patras Currants, together with a most extensive and varied assortment of Provisions and general Oilmen Stores.

For sale by

WM. B. SMITH,

Purveyor to His Excellency the Governor.

AND TO H. B. M. NAVY,

Government street, corner of Yates.

n20 1f

Take Notice!

I AM PREPARED TO OFFER THE

largest and best Assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S GLOVES

Ever exhibited in Victoria, comprising

Gents' O. S. Fur Gloves, lined;

Gents' O. S. Seal Skin Gloves, lined;

Ladies' O. S. White Norway Gauntlets, for

Hiding;

Gents' Mock Gauntlets;

Gents' Ringwood Gauntlets, lined;

Gents' Ringwood Gloves;

Gents' Stout Aberdeen Gloves, lined;

Gents' Buck Gloves, scarlet lined;

Gents' Wash. Norway Buck Gloves;

Gents' Cloth Mixed Costa Gloves;

Gents' Twill'd Fringe Gloves;

Gents' Patent Mode Gloves.

Ladies should call soon and examine those!

Lady Franklin Gloves.

For Winter wear. Those who are afflicted with the Rheumatism should call and examine those pure

Baltic Shirts,

Which are a certain cure; also, the heavy

Saxony Wool Drawers.

I have Drawers that will fit gentlemen standing from six to seven feet in height. Also, a full assortment of

DRESS WHITE SHIRTS.

Gentlemen's Night Shirts.

A full assortment of

Scotch Tartan Knit Hose.

All of which Goods I shall offer cheap for cash,

CALL, AND EXAMINE AT

N. POINTER'S,

Government st., two doors south of the Post Office.

n23 1m

Coals at \$9.00 per Ton

OF 2,240 POUNDS.

THE VICTORIA COAL COMPANY

offer for sale One Hundred Tons superior Coal, screened free from dust, and suitable for small stoves and grates, free of drayage and portage, in quantities of one ton and upwards.

JOHN T. LITTLE & CO., Agent,
City Wharf.

n21 1m2p

MISCELLANEOUS.

BOOK AUCTION!

A SERIES OF

Evening Book Auction Sales

Is proposed to commence on Saturday Evening next, in the large room in rear of

STATIONERS' HALL,

formerly occupied by the "Victoria Gazette" Office.

The room to be temporarily fitted up for the occasion, with regard to the comfort of visitors, in lights, fire, etc.

The Books are a Special Consignment for AUCTION SALES, comprising a list of Books purchased at a recent New York

Semi-Annual Trade Sale,

where it is known that thousands of volumes are deliberately sacrificed, in order that the catalogues of each of the many Publishers may be represented during the sale. From this consignment will be sold at

PRIVATE SALE,

to such as wish to increase their Libraries at a small expense, Books at prices low enough to surprise the purchaser.

n20 1s.

Stationery!

STAPLE AND FANCY.

A Large Addition to Our Stock.

Among them some very handsome

Inlaid Writing Desks,

A beautiful assortment of

House of Assembly.

MONDAY, NOV. 26th, 1860.

House met at 2 1/2 o'clock. Present—Speaker Helmcken, and Messrs. Cary, Foster, Waddington, Coles, Tolmie, McDonald, Crease, Green, Southgate, Franklin.

ELECTION COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

The Speaker said the Order of the Day was the Resolution as to whether the Election Committee Report should be entered upon the minutes of the House or not.

Mr. Cary—I deplore, Mr. Speaker, the unfortunate circumstances that have arisen to call forth this resolution; but, sir, you have ruled that the finding of the Committee is a special one. The question of the validity of the election has been raised by the Committee and decided by the Committee; and that question they had no right to report upon except specially. If the Committee had passed a resolution that the election was null and void, the House would have entertained the report. They have, however, found that the election held under the Registration of Voters' Act of 1859, is inapplicable to an election held in 1860. The question decided by the Committee is confined not merely to the point that the election is null and void; but that the revised list of Voters is inapplicable to an election held in 1860. It is impossible to conclude that the verdict of the Committee is anything else but a special finding, and you, sir, have done right in so deciding and I shall show you, sir, that the Registration Act is applicable on two grounds, and shall also show you that the report of the Committee must be rejected. The Registration Act is "an Act to increase the number of representative of this House, and to increase the constituency. The spirit of the Act is drawn from the English Act. Taking the Act into consideration, it will be seen that it was intended that it should be conclusive until another registration has been ordered. This is an act of the Governor, House and Council; and no law can be made for this colony that is to last for less than two years. The Currency Act was sent down to last for two years from the Council; the House decided that it should only last one year, and the Council thereupon threw it out. From the time of the passage of this Act, if it was held to be only applicable for 1859, the election could never have been held at all; because, if we take into consideration the time that must have intervened from the date of the passage of the Act to the return of the writ, the election never could have been held in 1859. If we assume this report to be correct, we have no right here; this House never could have sat as a House, and this Committee never could have made a report. No sensible person would put such an interpretation upon the Act. The proper construction of the Act is, that it is meant for the year of registration; it was intended that the law should hold good for a twelvemonth. The second section of the Act reads that no person shall vote at any election held under this Act, unless his name appears on the registered list of voters. The seventh section says that the list of voters shall be signed by the registrar of voters, that a duplicate copy shall be taken, and that such revised lists shall be used at any election, etc. It means, that when you have got your list of voters made out, that list shall be final until something occurs to give you a new list [ironical laughter.] The Act points out distinctly that this registered list of voters shall be used at any election that may be held until a new list has been framed.

In the Franchise Act, section first, it says that male British subjects, who shall have resided for a certain period in the colony, and who possess certain qualifications, shall be entitled to be registered as a voter. It therefore follows that every person residing in any new district may be entitled to be registered; but in any district where registration has already taken place they cannot be registered until the passage of a new Act. It is the only construction that can be placed upon the Act. The object is obvious, and that object is defeated by placing a construction upon the Act such as the Committee have done. If you say that one election is invalid, you will say that every election held in 1860 under this Act is invalid.

Mr. Waddington—No! no! No such thing.

Mr. Cary—The Act reads that the election must be held before the expiration of the present year, and no election was held before January, 1860. How can we, as sensible men, come here and say that this member was not legally elected? It will be to say that this House was not legally elected. Are we to proclaim aloud to the world the illegality of our proceedings—the nullity of our Acts? We must decide that the interpretation of the Act means a period of twelve months after the registration. The registration of voters was intended to be valid for one year. I am grieved that we are compelled to take this action. [Laughter.] The hon. members laugh; but I say that I am grieved at the finding of the Committee. It is a wrong to the petitioners—it is a denial of right to the petition. There is no blame to be attached to the Committee—they acted in good faith. But it is the bounden duty of every one of us to come forward and say, now and forever, that we are the rightful representatives of the people of Vancouver Island, and that those who have trusted us have not trusted us in vain.

Mr. Crease rose to second the resolution. The only other petition that had been brought before the House had stated that the general election was void. That petition was disallowed, and the arguments used then were the same as now. The return of the Committee should have been whether the member was duly elected; whether the election was null and void, or whether a new writ should be issued. This was the three-fold issue. The hon. members must see that the revised list of voters must be held applicable to the general election, to legalize the acts of this House.

May says the decision must be final; but that the Committee may add to the report a special resolution, stating reasons for such report. This has not been done in this instance, and I conceive it is absolutely necessary for us to affirm the general legality of the House, and decide that the finding of this Committee shall not be entered upon the minutes of the House.

Mr. Waddington—I rise, Mr. Speaker, to oppose the resolution. The hon. Attorney General has made a scarecrow of the report of the Committee, and was attempting to make a fresh show of this unfortunate colony. The notice of motion that the report of the Committee be rejected, is unconstitutional and illegal. The idea of the Committee traveling out of the record and making a decision on matters not laid before them, is ridiculous. The actions at Esquimalt election were enough to make every honest man hang his head with shame at what took place [hear, hear,] and were sufficient to induce the electors to petition against the return of Mr. Gordon. Leaving alone the questions raised about the illegality of our proceedings, etc., I shall be able to show that if the Committee had acted in any other manner, they would have done so improperly. The law on the subject reads that the decision of the Election Committee shall be final, and its legality shall not be called into question on any account. [Loud applause, which the clerk silenced by calling for order.] This is a parallel case with the imprisonment of the Bishops in the Tower by James II; it was a high-handed act, which was resented by the whole English nation. Five honest men have given their decision that the election is illegal, and should we, because the report does not please the ministers of the government, say that it is wrong. It is just the same as if the Supreme Court here had given a decision that displeased the Governor, and he was to say "I will not allow that decision." Before the year 1770, controverted elections were tried by the whole House of Commons, and were often decided to suit party purposes, and in order to prevent persons of the law it was finally agreed to submit such questions to a constituted tribunal. This is the object of Election Committees. Rogers says that since the Grenville Act, Election Committees are the only legitimate bodies before which controverted elections can be tested; and any attempt to set aside their verdict is unconstitutional, and infringes upon the liberties and rights of the people. 6 Vic., sec. 6, affirms Rogers' opinion. I am no lawyer, and am therefore not accustomed to prove that black is white. [Laughter.] An Election Committee is one of the highest tribunals in the land. It is both judge and jury at one and the same time, but the servants of the government wish to make it less than a jury, and place the House in a judicial position, when, in fact, it only occupies a legislative one. 6 Vic. sec. 36, says that the decision is final to all intents and purposes, even if arrived at by a majority of the Committee. The report of this Committee, however, was unanimous. The House is to order it to be entered upon its minutes. The Committee decides and determines, and the House enforces. Under the Act for the trial by Election Committees, (May, 861) little discretion is left the House beyond interpreting the Act. The Committee was asked for no instructions—they have rendered a verdict—given a decision. The hon. gentleman then reviewed the Election Law, and said that portion of the petition which declared the election to be illegal, was taken into consideration by the Committee, and very grave attention given it; and also quoted an instance where a Committee allowed the question of irregularity of elections without going into any other question. That is just what we done, and with the consent of counsel on both sides, our decision was unanimous. The two barristers who gave it as their opinions that the election was invalid, constituted one-third of the lawyers in the colony; to be sure, we have two lawyers in the House, but they only constitute a balance. [Laughter.] As far as the point of the Registration Act went, it was only intended for the general election. It was so decided in the case of DeCosmos vs. Franklin. The Committee has not decided that the law is in operation to alter elections; they did not touch upon the general election; they only decided it to be inapplicable to the election in question. We have been told by the hon. Attorney General, (and we are daily learning strange things from that source) that the law was meant for two years, and that nothing in the Act limits it. The law says different: that the law of last year may be revised by the revising barrister. Allowing the lists to be invalid, the election should have taken place without registration; allowing them to be valid, they should have been revised. The decision of the Committee was a regular one; if there was any irregularity, it was on the part of the government in not having the lists revised. We are told by the Attorney-General that it was a pity the Committee had not gone into the case of allegations of the petition. It is perhaps as well for public scandal that we did not do so. A servant of the Crown is not allowed to take part in any election under pain of a fine of £500, and being rendered incapable of holding any office of trust and profit thereafter. The hon. gentleman then reviewed the decision of the Committee, and claimed that the decision in regard to the costs alone made it final. If this report is received, an unrighteous election will be upset. If the lists had been opened, twice the number of legal voters would have been registered. If this report is not accepted, we shall have a continuation of the corruption and intimidation that has been going on for two years past. [Hear, hear.] Mr. Waddington concluded by offering an amendment to Mr. C's resolution, that the decision of the Committee be declared final.

Mr. McDonald—Did not feel inclined to go fully into the matter. It had already been fully placed before the House by the

previous hon. member. The decision of the Committee was a just one, and he hoped no member would retrace his steps, and vote not to receive the report. He called upon them as true men to stand to their decision. The decision was unanimous, and he felt assured that if the Committee had decided in favor of Mr. Gordon, this manifestation of party spirit would not have taken place. Justice and law is here made subservient to a party clique, and he again called upon the members of the Committee to stand to their decision and not to waver.

Mr. Coles—It has been decided by the Committee that the election was invalid. Mr. Waddington had proved that the decision of the Committee was final. If we set aside that decision, as the Attorney General wishes us to do, we shall have a man sitting here who has no right to do so. If you interfere with that decision, you are doing away with the rights of Englishmen. Mr. Gordon will be holding his seat by a mere legal quibble. Let us stand to our decision. There are men here whose volubility of speech makes black white, and white black, and who turn and twist things to suit themselves.

Mr. Franklin said that if the Committee had not expressed an opinion as to the legality of the election, the House could never have touched the report. If they had said, "The election is null and void," we never could have interfered with it, but they come here and attack the Registration Law. If we accept the proposition as laid down, it amounts to just this: that a special committee can say, "We caused a dissolution of the House." [Cries of oh, oh.] He would favor the referring of the report back to the Committee, in order that the case might be tried upon the other allegations of the petition. [Mr. Cary—*sotto voce*—No, no.] He felt himself in a confused position, and would like to see the petition again referred to the Committee.

Mr. Foster—This question is one that involves the independence and honor of the House. There is much party feeling manifested in the opposition to the report—party feeling has instigated the opposition. We find gentlemen advocating the overthrowing of this verdict whose public lives have been as erroneous as the decision they wish us to come to. If we upset the decision of the Election Committee, it will be a stigma from which we can never recover. The decision of the Committee is final. How it can be called a special one I cannot see. From the counsel for the defendant having recommended the decision, many suppose that legal gentlemen were not prompted by certain gentlemen who seemed to take a great interest in the affair. Was that prompting legal and just? or was it done to bring that legal gentleman into error and place this House in the position it is in to-day? He regretted to find the Attorney General and his legal colleague [Mr. Crease] in their present position. He dissented entirely from their opinions, and said the Attorney General and his colleagues had brought the government into great disrepute by their actions.

Mr. Tolmie, as a member of the Committee, said that he had been mistaken in assenting to the report of the Committee. It had introduced extraneous matter, and he now saw that it was wrong. The case had been very ably argued for the petitioners and the other side had no counsel.

Mr. McDonald—That's a very poor compliment to the counsel you did have.

Mr. Cary then rose and reviewed the ground taken by the several speakers, and said the House could do nothing else but set aside the decision.

Mr. Waddington—What will you do with the decision about the costs? Is that a special decision?

Mr. Cary made no answer, and the question was then taken upon the amendment "that the decision be considered as final." It stood as follows:

AYES.	NOES.
Coles,	Tolmie,
Foster,	Franklin,
Waddington,	Cary,
McDonald,	Crease,
	Southgate,
	Green.

The members whose names are in italics were members of the Election Committee.

MR. GORDON RESIGNS.

Mr. Gordon at this moment entered the bar of the House and addressed the Speaker as follows: Mr. Speaker—The decision of the House has confirmed me in my seat, and I consider myself, by all the laws of God and man, legally entitled to hold my seat. I now ask permission to resign as a member of this House. Although I solemnly affirm that none but duly qualified electors voted for me, I must decline holding a seat which many in the Colony believe I do not hold legally. I therefore ask leave to resign as a member of the House.

There was considerable applause at the conclusion of Mr. Gordon's remarks.

The Speaker said he would be obliged to accept the resignation; and Mr. Cary moved that the writ issue at once. This motion met with no response, and the House adjourned until to-morrow (Tuesday), at two o'clock, P. M.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF VICTORIA, V. I.

ARRIVED.
Nov 24—Str Otter, Mount, New Westminster
Schr West Wind, Cole, San Juan
Schr Sarah Newton, Bynum, Port Townsend
Nov 25—Schr H C Page, Oberg, Port Townsend
Schr Rebecca, McAlmon, Port Townsend
Schr Surprise, McKay, Nanaimo
Schr Petrel, Taylor, Port Townsend

CLEARED.
Nov 24—Str Caledonia, Frain, New Westminster
Schr West Wind, Cole, San Juan
Schr Amelia, Thornton, Port Townsend
Nov 25—Str Otter, Mount, New Westminster
Schr Lalla Rookh, Connick, Port Townsend
Schr Rebecca, McAlmon, Port Townsend
Sloop Petrel, Taylor, Port Townsend

To the Electors of Esquimalt and Metchoosin District.

GENTLEMEN—A vacancy having occurred in the representation of your District by the resignation of Captain Cooper, and having had the honor to receive the promise of support from a large number of you, I unhesitatingly offer myself as a candidate at the approaching election.

It were useless for me to enlarge upon what I will do if returned, while I can refer you with full confidence to my acts during a residence of upwards of two years in the Colony.

My constant efforts have been to aid in obtaining good laws and salutary reforms of all abuses, and I shall unflinchingly continue, under any circumstances, to pursue the same course.

The general interests of the Colony, as a matter of honest duty, must be my first object; but I shall, at the same time, take especial care to do all in my power to promote those of the farmers, who co duce so essentially to the prosperity of every country, that, as a matter of right, they ought to command our fostering care.

I am, gentlemen, your obedt servant,
JAMES TRIMBLE.
Victoria, Nov. 16, 1860.

CITY TRADE REPORT.

MONDAY, November 26, 1860.

Business to-day has been an improvement on that of Saturday last, although no large transactions have taken place. There is hardly any change to notice in the market, as staples continue low and in moderate demand. There are no vessels with merchandise in the harbor, although some three or four are supposed to be cruising off the mouth of the Straits, waiting for a favorable wind to run in. General articles are in good demand for up-country trade, and we notice considerable goods being packed for shipment per Otter to Westminster.

FLOUR—Sale of 50 bbls Tuntwater at \$4 7/8 per bbl; 100 do do, at \$5; 50 do California, common, at \$4 50 per bbl; 50 do Golden Gate Mills, at \$5 25; Oregon is held stiff at \$4 50.

RICE—Sale of 40 mats, Pina at 65¢ per lb; 80 mats China No 1 at 65¢; small lots do, at 70¢.

BUTTER—A few firkins ordinary Eastern at 20¢ per lb.

BACON—3200 lbs ordinary, at 15¢ per lb; 4000 lbs No 1, at 16¢.

BREAD—Sale of 30 cs Navy Bread at 5 1/2¢ per lb.

SUGARS—China No 1 is held firm at 87¢ per lb; sale of 10,000 lbs Sandwich Island, medium grade, private terms.

AXES—Hunt's, \$20 per doz; Collins' \$18 per doz.

APPLES—Best Oregon Apples 50¢ per doz.

POTATOES—Sales of 200 bks Sound, at 3¢ per lb.

NOTICES.

St. Andrew's Society.

THE OFFICERS AND MEMBERS OF THIS Society will meet at the Police Barracks at one o'clock on FRIDAY, 30th inst., for installation of the new Officers, after which the Members will proceed to the Room of Mr. Macdonald's Church, Port Street, at 2 o'clock, where the Anniversary Sermon will be preached.

Scotchmen and the public generally are respectfully invited to attend.

A collection in behalf of the funds of the Society will be made after the service.

W. WALLS, Secretary.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.

The Anniversary Dinner

WILL BE HELD IN THE COLONIAL Hotel, Government street, on St. Andrew's Day, 30th instant, at 8 o'clock, P. M.

Tickets can be obtained from the following gentlemen:

Capt. J. M. REID, President.

" J. DUNCAN, Vice Presidents

Mr. J. G. MCKAY, Vice Presidents

Mr. J. A. MCKAY, Vice Presidents

" W. MUIR, Managers.

" A. F. MAIN, Managers.

" ALEX. CLINK, Managers.

" M. MUNRO, Managers.

" J. M. ROBERTSON, Treasurer.

" W. WALLS, Secretary.

NOTICE.

THE COPARTNERSHIP EXISTING between the undersigned carrying on business in Yates street, Victoria, as Commission Merchants, the labels of which closely resemble those of the genuine Firm of NORRIS, COX & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

JOHN G. NORRIS, JOHN COX.

Victoria, 1st November, 1860.

The business will be continued as usual by J. G. NORRIS, by whom consignments are respectfully solicited.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS HAVING ANY CLAIMS against the Estate of the late ALFRED KAIN, DECEASED, are hereby notified to present the same at the Office of the undersigned for settlement, within thirty days from this date, or be forever barred.

F. J. DE ST. OURS, n2

LEA & PERRIN'S

CELEBRATED

Worcestershire Sauce.

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE Only Good Sauce, and applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.



EXTRACT OF A LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras, To his Brother at Worcester, May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRIN'S that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable, as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

EXTENSIVE FRAUDS.

L. & P. having discovered that several of the Foreign Markets have been supplied with spurious imitations of the "Worcestershire Sauce," the labels of which closely resemble those of the genuine Sauce, and in one or more instances with the names of L. & P. on them, they have deemed it their duty to caution the public, and to request purchasers to see that the names of LEA & PERRIN'S are upon the Wrapper, Label, Stopper and Bottle.

L. & P. further give notice that they will proceed against any one who may infringe upon their right, either by manufacturing or vendg such imitations, and have instructed their correspondents in the various parts of the world to advise them of such infringements.

Wholesale and for exportation by the Proprietors, LEA & PERRIN'S, Worcester, England; Croase and Blackwell, and other Oilmen and Merchants in London.

HUNTOON & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants.

Orders for any description of Merchandise attended to, when accompanied with the cash.

Office—Corner of Front and Commercial streets, (up stairs), San Francisco, Cal. a25 8m

FOR SALE-TO LET.

IMPORTANT SALE

(WITHOUT RESERVE.)

JOHN J. COCHRANE

IS INSTRUCTED TO SELL BY AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY, 28th Instant,

ON THE PREMISES.

If not previously disposed of by private bargain,

THAT LARGE AND COMMODIOUS SHEDS, situated on the corner of the street, well adapted for a family Hotel or Boarding House, containing eight Rooms with excellent Kitchen and other conveniences, formerly occupied by the Bishop of Columbia. Together with portion of Lot 273 on which the building is situated.

For terms of sale and other particulars apply at the office of the above, Government street. n221w

FOR SALE.

TO CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.

THE PROPRIETOR OF ONE OF THE oldest and best established and longest Carpenter Shops on the Island, before compelled by pressing business to return to California, will dispose of his entire interest at a sacrifice. He will sell the tools, good-will, Benches, Mortice and Boring Machines, Lumber, Sash, Doors, Mouldings, etc., together with the numerous advantages of a superiorly located and well established paying business. The Shop has long been considered the best located on the Island, and its constant run of regular cash customers has afforded constant business without the necessity of competing for any of the contract work thrown in the market. In this regard, this shop has no rival, and any one wishing to engage in the business, cannot do better than to avail himself of this opportunity. The party purchasing will be enabled to commence his very prospect of perpetual and constant work.

Inquire of W. P. SAYWARD, Lumber Dealer, P. S.—The Shop has always had work enough to employ from four to a dozen and as high as thirty hands. n221w

FOR SALE.

A CHANCE TO MAKE A SMALL FORTUNE IN TWELVE MONTHS.

I WILL SELL MY ENTIRE FIT-OUT OF "MOVING APPARATUS," consisting of Eight Splendid Jack Saws and Bars, Patent Iron-bound Purchase Blocks, Fails, Ropes, Straps, Watch Tackles, Chains, Lifting and Trussing Blocks, Trusses, Bars, Pikes, Hooks, Windlasses, Timbers, Blocking, Rollers, &c., &c., in all, the most perfect and splendid fit-out this side of San Francisco. Also a set of splendid Trucks, with extra iron tires, sufficient to remove any building on the Island with ease and safety. The largest building may be removed rapidly, as I have had the trucks put in perfect order. As there will be a large amount of moving done during the coming season, the party purchasing may monopolize the business, and as it is a most profitable one, a handsome sum may be realized.

It is also a splendid speculation for any one who does not wish to operate with them as the profits for HIRE ALONE will more than repay the whole amount of investment in one season. W. P. SAYWARD, Lumber Merchant, Wharf street. n221w

TO LET.

THE LARGE ROOM IN THE REAR of Stationers' Hall, Langley Street, heretofore occupied by the "Victoria Gazette." Apply to HIBBEN & CARSWELL, Stationers' Hall. n29 1m

TO LET,

BROMLEY COTTAGE, ON SCORESBY street.

Also, to Lease.

First-class Building Stands for Stores on Fort, Douglas, and other streets, on favorable terms.

Money to Loan at moderate interest.

For particulars, apply to JOHN J. COCHRANE, Land Agent.

n27 Government street, near Post Office.

A Rare Chance.

THE PROPRIETOR OF A WELL established BOARDING HOUSE, centrally located, and doing a fine business, offers it for sale, on account of ill health, at a great bargain. Address, through Post Office, "J. M. M., Victoria." n6 1m2p

TO LEASE.

TWO FINE BUILDING LOTS, EACH 20 by 66 feet, situated on Langley street, at the rear of the Post Office, are offered to Lease at a low figure. Apply to JOHN KANE, Blacksmith, Yates street, Victoria. n13 1m

TO LET.

A SPLENDID TWO-STORY DWELLING House, containing 5 rooms and kitchen, plastered throughout, and well finished, fronting a wide street, north side of burial ground, Fort street, and well adapted for a respectable family; can be taken possession of immediately. Apply to MR. SPELDE, Adjoining next door. n8 1m*

NEW WESTMINSTER LOTS.

A LOT TO RENT, 65x132, near Scott's Wharf, New Westminster. Good business location. A. DE COSMOS. n20

Fruit Trees!

JUST RECEIVED.

From the Olympia Nursery,

APPLE, PEACH,

Pear, Cherry and other Trees.

For sale by

PEASE & BOYCE, Agents, Union Wharf.

INTERNATIONAL

BOARDING HOUSE.

KEPT BY

J. HEAL.

THIS POPULAR BOARDING HOUSE has been removed to the large new Establishment on YATES STREET, below Douglas, and is prepared to offer increased accommodation to single gentlemen or families.

Board and Lodging from \$5 to \$8 per week.

Private Rooms for families.

The tables will be furnished at all times with the best the market can afford. n6 1m

Monsarrat & Co.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

9 Wharf Street, Victoria.

ARE REGULARLY IN RECEIPT OF

consignments of Sandwich Island Produce of all kinds, and have now on hand ex "Jenny Ford,"

"Mary Ellen," and other late arrivals. SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SUGARS, in small kegs and larger packages, which they offer for sale at low prices.

n2 1m

FOR SALE.

400 SACKS LINN CITY MILLS Extra FLOUR.

400 sacks Golden Gate Extra Flour. J. J. SOUTHWELL & Co., Wharf street. n22 1m

